EXHIBIT

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DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO EXCLUDE THE TESTIMONY OF DR. CHRISTOPHER TEAF

05-CV-0329 GKF-PJC

PR#9833

CRUTCHER, JAMES

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1 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 2 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA 3 STATE OF OKLAHOMA, ex rel. 4 W. A. DREW EDMONDSON, in his capacity as 5 ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA and 6 OKLAHOMA SECRETARY OF THE ENVIRONMENT C. MILES TOLBERT, 7 in his capacity as the TRUSTEE FOR NATURAL RESOURCES FOR THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, 9 Plaintiffs, 10 No. 05-CV-0329 GKF-SAJ Vs. 11 TYSON FOODS, INC., TYSON POULTRY, INC., TYSON 12 CHICKEN, INC., COBB-VANTRESS, INC., AVIAGEN, INC., CAL-MAINE 13 FOODS, INC., CAL-MAINE FARMS, INC., CARGILL, INC., CARGILL 14 TURKEY PRODUCTION, LLC, GEORGE'S, INC., GEORGE'S FARMS, 15 INC., PETERSON FARMS, INC., SIMMONS FOODS, INC., and WILLOW 16 BROOK FOODS, INC., 17 Defendants. 18 19 20 VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF JAMES CRUTCHER, M.D. 21 TAKEN ON BEHALF OF THE DEFENDANTS 22 ON DECEMBER 20, 2007, BEGINNING AT 9:38 A.M. 23 IN OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA 24 VIDEOTAPED BY: STESHA FERGUSON 25 REPORTED BY: DANIEL LUKE EPPS, CSR, RPR

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51 1 are there people who I'm calling field 2 investigators who go out and ask questions, 3 qumshoes? 4 In the county health departments 5 there are what's called communicable disease 6 They're really not epidemiologists, but 7 they are communicable disease nurses that go by 8 protocols to collect data, and then the state 9 epidemiologists really focus at the state health 10 department and do not get involved in every, you 11 know, disease that's reported to us. Generally 12 only when there is an outbreak or a disease of 13 concern arises, whatever that reason for that is. 14 Since you've been involved with the 15 Oklahoma Health Department, has there ever been 16 a, quote, "outbreak," end quote, associated with 17 the Illinois River with which the health 18 department has been concerned? 19 Not that I'm aware of. Α 20 And since you've been with the Q 21 health department, has there ever been -- what's 22 the second word you used? 23

A An increase in incidence of disease or --

Q Yeah. Has there ever been something

like that in the Illinois River Basin with which the health department has been concerned?

A Not that I'm aware of. An outbreak, there's not been an outbreak or a disease -- elevated levels of disease that have occurred as a result of, you know, being exposed to the Illinois River that I'm aware of.

Q All right, sir. So let me return to this issue and see if I can understand what happens. Let's assume -- I'm going to use Jack In The Box because it just happens to be something I remember. Poor Jack In The Box. I don't know if they exist anymore.

A I don't know. I haven't seen any.

Q I don't see them for some reason, but if you had that kind of a Jack In The Box outbreak, whether that was salmonella or E. coli, whatever it was, are there people that you send out into the field to start interviewing these people who have the disease so that you can actually come to the conclusion that was related to Jack In The Box at 13th and Elm?

A Yes.

Q Okay. Let's take a break.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are off the

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next sentence says, "Several geographic clusters of campylobacteriosis occurred during the summer months in Cleveland, Kingfisher, LeFlore, Oklahoma, and Tulsa Counties."

A Right.

 ${f Q}$ Do you have a recollection of that in 2004, sir?

A No, I do not.

Q Do you know, sir, if there was -- if there's any explanation why there were clusters of campylobacteriosis in these five counties?

A No, I do not.

Q What does -- and you've used the word "cluster" yourself today. Tell me how you define -- what would constitute a cluster of a disease?

A Geographic or temporally focused increased number of cases that were occurring. So over a short period of time or in a certain geographic area, you see a number of cases that occur that make you think that there may be some common association to them.

Q When your department receives the data from the counties, is that part of the mission is to be analyzing that data to identify

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1 whether any clusters exist? 2 Α Yes. 3 And I believe based upon the Q 4 questions you answered a few moments ago that the 5 department has not identified any cluster at any 6 time related to campylobacter within the Oklahoma 7 counties in the Illinois River Watershed, is that 8 correct? 9 None that I am aware of. Again, Α 10 Dr. Bradley may have additional information, but 11 I am not aware that there have been specific 12 outbreaks associated there. 13 Sir, would your answer be the same 14 for salmonellosis? 15 Α Yes. 16 And for E. coli? Q 17 Α Yes. 18 The next paragraph on that page, 19 Doctor, it says, "In 2004, cases ranged in age 20 from one day to 92 years with a median age of 28 years." The next sentence, "Infants and young 21 22 children had the highest incidence of 23 campylobacter infections." Doctor, can you 24 explain why infants and young children had the 25 highest incident rate?

cannot tell you that there have been cases of human disease that have resulted from that, but, you know, that's certainly concerning that there are excessive levels of pathogenic organisms in water supplies in the state.

Q There is -- the state of Oklahoma virtually from one end to the other has a problem with bacteria contamination in surface waters, doesn't it?

- A I can't -- I can't answer that.
- **Q** You don't know?
 - A I don't know that. Huh-uh.
- Q And you don't know that the Illinois River waters are any more -- excuse me. Let me go back to the question that I asked where you gave the prior answer. You stated you have concern when you see elevated bacteria in water. That's your job to be concerned, but my question was are you aware of any data to suggest that it is poultry litter that is causing any elevated health risk in the Illinois River Watershed?

A I personally am not aware of data.

You know, looking at the affidavits and the opinions of the experts that are based upon the data that was provided to them is the information

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1 that I'm going on to make that association 2 between the poultry litter provided. I am not 3 aware personally of any other data that supports 4 that. 5 Other than the three affidavits that 6 were provided you by either Mr. Page or 7 Mr. Nance, you're not aware of any data to 8 suggest a connection between poultry litter and 9 health effects in the Illinois River Watershed, is that right? 10 11 That right. Α 12 Q I'll pass the witness. Thank you. 13 And she needs to change the tape so if you want a 14 brief break -- do you think we can be done 15 without taking a lunch break? 16 MR. GEORGE: If you can endure about 17 30 minutes. That way we can be done and get you 18 out of here. 19 THE WITNESS: That's fine with me. 20 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are off the 21 record at 12:00 p.m. 22 (Short break at 12:00 p.m., resumed at 12:07 23 p.m.) 24 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on 25 the record at 12:07 p.m.

investigate or assist in the investigation of a human health risk posed by bacteria levels in surface water or ground water in the Illinois River Watershed?

A Over the last year, I mean, since the -- I guess the beginning of this issue, we have been involved with the Secretary of the Environment in his role and representatives from the Department of Environmental Quality.

Q Let me refine my question a bit, sir. Prior to the initiation of this lawsuit, had the department of health been requested by any other state agency to investigate or assist in the investigation of a human health risk posed by bacteria levels in surface water or ground water in the Illinois River Watershed?

A Not to my knowledge.

Q And, in fact, sir, is it true that your department was not asked to conduct such an investigation immediately prior to the filing of this lawsuit?

A Not a more in-depth -- no. Prior to, I mean, we would ask for information at the time that this began and we were called in to participate, but prior to that, you're saying

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were we asked to do anything? No.

Q I'll state the question a little more clearly. It was kind of awkward. Did I understand correctly that your agency was not consulted about claims of threats to human health prior to the filing of this lawsuit?

A That's true.

Q Now, if I understand your testimony thus far, Dr. Crutcher, your department regularly receives at least on a yearly basis public health data about disease incidence from counties throughout the state of Oklahoma, is that correct?

A We receive reporting information from all over the state primarily from, again, hospitals, physicians, and in laboratories. The information does not originally come to us from county health departments. It comes from those entities throughout the state in the respective counties.

Q Given the reports that have been discussed here today, do I understand correctly that after that data is received from all of those various sources, that one of the things the department of health does is organize it by

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112 1 county? 2 Α Yes. 3 Okay. And the county data which Q 4 your department is the custodian of in terms of 5 public health data includes reported incidences 6 of campylobacteriosis, E. coli, and 7 salmonellosis, is that correct? 8 Α Yes. 9 And included in the county data Q 10 would be information from the counties of Adair, 11 Cherokee, Delaware, and Sequoyah Counties, 12 correct? 13 Yes. Α 14 Now, someone at your department, I 15 assume, you correct me if I'm wrong, actually 16 reviews that data, countywide data, to identify 17 trends or patterns or possible alarming 18 incidences, is that correct? 19 Yes. Α 20 Q Okay. 21 Periodically that is done. We Α 22 create an annual report so it may be done 23 annually where that's looked at. 24 If someone in your department

perceives a statistically significant elevation

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in a disease incidence in a particular county, do
I understand that your department has both the
authority and the obligation to investigate those
statistically significant elevations in disease?

A Yes. I mean, there's no firm guideline as to when that has to take place. It's certainly within -- we have a bit of latitude to, you know, use the knowledge that we have to determine whether we think it is a significant increase in disease to determine whether we launch into an investigation.

Q Okay. In your 12 years at the department of health, has your department ever taken any action that you're aware of based on a belief that Adair, Cherokee, Delaware, or Sequoyah Counties were experiencing a statistically significant elevated rate of campylobacteriosis?

A No.

Q Okay. In your 12 years at the department, has the department of health ever taken any action that you're aware of based upon a belief that Adair, Cherokee, Delaware, and Sequoyah counties were experiencing a statistically significant elevated rate of

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1 salmonellosis? I have a hard time saying that. 2 Α No. 3 If I ask the same question with Q 4 regard to E. coli, would your answer be the same? 5 Yes. Α б When information is available to 0 7 your department, sir, that suggests an imminent 8 and substantial threat to human health, does your 9 department regularly issue warnings or public 10 advisories? 11 Yes. Α 12 Q Okay. I noticed in looking through 13 some materials from your website that I've put 14 before you that your department apparently uses 15 its website as you would imagine as a 16 communication vehicle and as a result of that 17 posts its notices on the website, correct? 18 Α Yes. 19 And I won't ask you to do this. I Q 20 went through just for 2007 to see how prolific 21 your department had been in issuing notices and I 22 came to about 150. Do you have any reason to

disagree with that range in terms of the extent

the public of health risks?

to which your department issues notices informing